SPC (SPAC Division) Pacific ACP States 5<sup>th</sup> Regional Training Workshop.

# EITI Candidate Country Experience-Solomon Islands

# EITI is a global standard for managing revenues from natural resources also promoting transparency in the Extractive industries

#### requires;

- Governments
  - Reports on payments received from Mining companies on
    - taxes,
    - fees,
    - licenses, etc.

#### Cont.

- Mining Companies
  - Report on the payments made to
  - governments
  - Provincial governments
  - Landowners
    - Royalties
    - Taxes
    - Developments schools, roads clinics
    - Production volume/value
- Civil societies/citizens
  - Knows where the money received was paid to and where it was spend through the government process.

#### **EITI in 2014**

41 countries now implement the EITI Standard around the world.

#### **25** EITI Compliant countries:

Albania, Azerbaijan, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Mongolia, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Peru, Republic of the Congo, Tanzania, Timor-Leste, Togo, Yemen and Zambia.

#### 16 EITI Candidate countries:

Afghanistan, Chad, Democratic Republic of Congo, Guatemala, Guinea, Honduras, Indonesia, Madagascar, the Philippines, Sierra Leone, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Solomon Islands, Tajikistan, Trinidad and Tobago and Ukraine. Several other countries have signalled their intention to implement the EITI and are working toward completing the sign-up steps, including: Colombia, Ethiopia, France, Germany, Italy, Papua New Guinea, the UK and the US.

#### The new EITI Standard



Licenses & contracts

production

Tax collection

allocation

Expenditure management



Licensing information

> State ownership

> > Production contracts (encouraged)

Production

data

Beneficial ownership (encouraged) Companies

publish payments

Transit payments (encouraged)



Government publish State receipts Owned Enterprises

Transfers to local Company social government

and infrastructure investments



A national multi-stakeholder group (government, companies and civil society) decides how their EITI process should work.



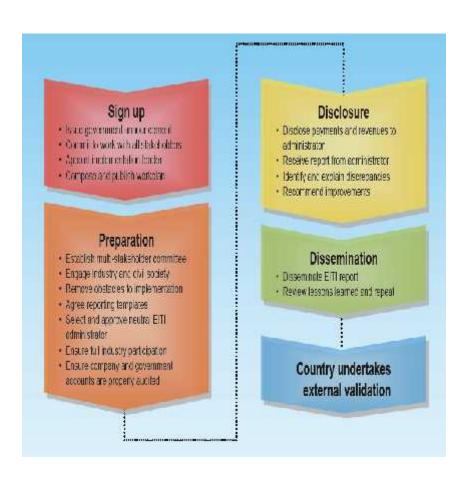
This group publishes an EITI Report where government revenues and other data are disclosed and independently assessed.



The findings are communicated to create public awareness and debate about how the country should better manage their resources.

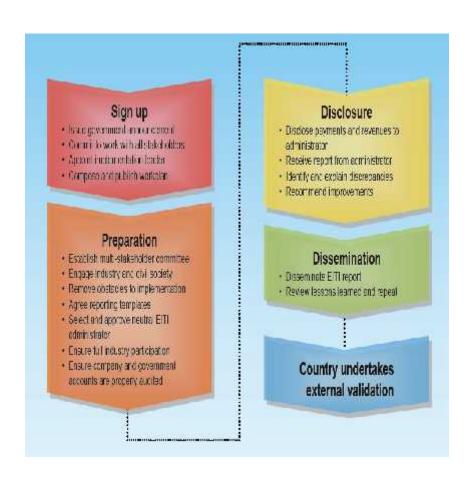
#### 1. Why EITI and the Mining Industry.

- The Solomon Islands is deeply reliant on income from primary resource exports, which have been essential to the country's development objectives.
- Mining industry is a sector that can contribute to our economic growth in the next decade but needs to be managed sustainably.
- EITI is seen as a platform through which the country can receive fare share of this resources.
- EITI also enhances confidence by foreign investor to invest in SI



# 2. Processes taken to become an EITI Candidate.

- The Government through Cabinet in July 2011 agreed to implement EITI.
- Minister of Finance and Treasury was appointed as the EITI Champion in July 2011.
- In January 28<sup>th</sup> 2012 the Minister of Finance and Treasury publicly announced the formation of National Stakeholder Group (MSG-Multi Stakeholders Group). Government, Companies & Civil Society.



# Continue-Processes taken to become an EITI Candidate.

- First NSG meeting was conducted on 15<sup>th</sup> February 2012 and resolved that the NSG formulate the 2012-2014 work plan and budget, establish an MOU to govern the operation of the NSG.
- In May 2012, the NSG finalized the work plan, budget & MOU. Then submitted its candidacy application to the EITI International Secretariat
- On 28 June 2012, Solomon Islands was admitted as EITI candidacy country by the EITI Board meeting held in Lima Peru

#### BOX 1 EITI REQUIREMENTS

#### The EITI requires:

- Effective oversight by the multi-stakeholder group.
- 2 Timely publication of EITI Reports.
- 3 EITI Reports that include contextual information about the extractive industries.
- 4 The production of comprehensive EITI Reports that include full government disclosure of extractive industry revenues, and disclosure of all material payments to government by oil, gas and mining companies.
- 5 A credible assurance process applying international standards.
- 6 EITI Reports that are comprehensible, actively promoted, publicly accessible, and contribute to public debate.
- 7 That the multi-stakeholder group takes steps to act on lessons learned and review the outcomes and impact of EITI implementation.

#### 3. Requirements for Reporting Validation.

- Defining the taxes and revenue to be covered in the EITI Report.
- Defining which companies and government entities are required to report.
- The National Stakeholder Group must approve the reporting template.
- Appointment of the Independent Administrator.
- Agreement of Independent Administrator's terms of reference.
- Assessment and recommendations from the independent Administrator.
- The National Stakeholders Group should endorse the EITI Report prior to its publication.

#### 4. Experiences/Challenges

- Depends on donor funds for initial set-up of the National Secretariat Delay in office set up.
- Legal barriers for disclosure of information –Mining Legislation, Tax Laws, etc..
- Slow data collection Disintegration of sources of data required
- Need full time dedicated National Coordinator with the National Secretariat staff.
- Ongoing commitment from all stakeholders (MSG)- Civil Society, Companies,
  Government

- 5. Next immediate steps Activities in 2014.
- Submission of the Report on the 29<sup>th</sup> June 2014.
- Dissemination of the Report Launching of the Report, Creation of Solomon Is, EITI Website-July 2014,
- Recruitment of Validator-July 2015.

# EITI Solomon Islands MSG Meetings





Tagio tumas.