The legal drafting process in Fiji

The process of drafting Fiji's National DSM law

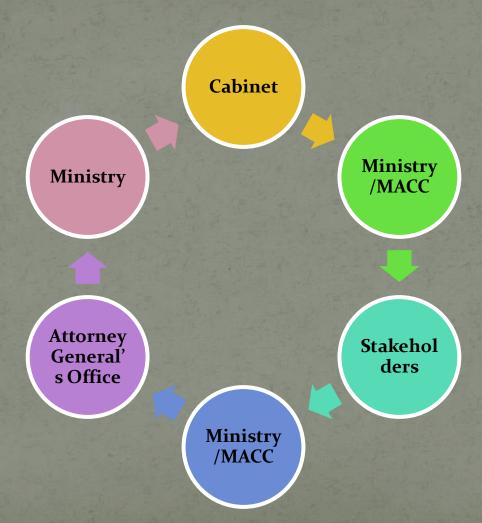
Overview

- Drafting process of Fiji's DSM law
- SOPAC's role
- Working Groups
- Timelines
- Finalisation procedures for DSM law

SOPAC's Role

- Advisory roles
- Technical and legal assistance
- Assists leading Ministry with negotiations and liaison with Mining Company

Fiji's procedures



Relevant laws and policies already in place

Laws

- Environment ManagementAct 2005
- Offshore Fisheries
- Management Decree 2012
- Mining Act (1978)
- Marine Spaces Act (Cap.158)
- Continental Shelf Act (Cap.149)

Policies

- Mineral Exploration and Exploitation Bill 2005
- Fiji's Offshore Mineral Policy
- Pillar 5 People's Charter
 high economic growth
 alongside environmental
 protection

Existing policies and leading Ministry's

- The initiative to review or amend a law stems from the Ministry's prerogative to change certain aspects of law depending on their resource capabilities, technical expertise and developments in terms of socio-economic developments and meeting international and regional obligations.
- Other influencing factors–Fiji's active involvement in the ISA, membership within the Council and the Legal and Technical Commission
- Economic development However Fiji employees precautionary approach to Deep Sea Mining

Maritime Affairs Coordinating Committee/National Offshore Minerals Committee

Existing Committee on Fiji's maritime boundaries and Deep Sea Mining potential

- Members include –
- Mineral Resources Department
- SOPAC
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Department of Lands
- Department of Environment
- Navy (under Ministry of Defence) Maritime
- National Offshore Mineral Committee established to work with DSM projects

Cabinet submission and approval for review or drafting of laws

- Leading Ministry submits proposal to Cabinet to draft or review a law
- Cabinet may approve or refuse to endorse a submission by the leading Ministry
- Cabinet may set conditions and a timeline for the review of a particular law
- Ministry provides quarterly updates to Cabinet on the implementation of its decisions

Timeline

- Stringent timelines set from initial meeting of MACC
- Timelines are set for the purposes of efficiency

Leading Ministry's facilitation

 Leading Ministry set timelines, organises consultations, liaises with the interested Company, accountable to Government

Consultation

- Greenpeace Fiji
- PIANGO (Pacific Islands Association of NGO's)
- Fiji Environmental Law Association
- WWF
- IUCN (International Union on the Conservation of Nature)
- All relevant Government Stakeholders

Finalisation and confirmation by leading Ministry

 After consultations and the leading Ministry endorses a final of the draft Decree which is presented to the Attorney General's Office for vetting

Submission to Attorney General's Office

- Vetting
- Consistency with other laws
- Alignment with Government polices and international/regional obligations

Further consultation

- Further consultation with the leading Ministry
- Further clarification
- Consideration of concerns raised
- The Ministry seeking to hold further consultation may take the draft law back for consultation

Endorsement by the Attorney-General

- Final endorsement is via a hierarchy of check and balances within of the Office-
- Officers specialised in Marine Law
- Head of drafting department
- Solicitor -General

Submission to Cabinet

- Submission of the final draft of a law to Cabinet by Ministry with Attorney General's Office endorsement
- Ministry provides a Cabinet Paper brief and background of the law being tabled in Cabinet
- Ministry states enforcement date

Cabinet deliberation

- May issue directives
- issue a final approval
- President's assent
- proceed to publication

Other matters

Current status of DSM law

- Judicial Review in Fiji
- Our reservations on liability issues, monitoring capabilities and uncertain environmental impacts

The End

VINAKA